

Standard Rectifier Module

= 2x 1600 V

190 A

 V_{F} 0.96 V

Phase leg

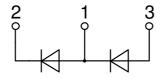
Part number

MDD172-16N1



Backside: isolated





Features / Advantages:

- Package with DCB ceramic
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Planar passivated chips
- Very low forward voltage drop
- Very low leakage current

Applications:

- Diode for main rectification
- For single and three phase bridge configurations
- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

Package: Y4

- Isolation Voltage: 3600 V~
- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Soldering pins for PCB mounting
- Base plate: DCB ceramic
- · Reduced weight
- Advanced power cycling

Terms _Conditions of usage:

The data contained in this product data sheet is exclusively intended for technically trained staff. The user will have to evaluate the suitability of the product for the intended application and the completeness of the product data with respect to his application. The specifications of our components may not be considered as an assurance of component characteristics. The information in the valid application- and assembly notes must be considered. Should you require product information in excess of the data given in this product data sheet or which concerns the specific application of your product, please contact the sales office, which is responsible for you.

Due to technical requirements our product may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question please contact the sales office, which is responsible for you.

Should you intend to use the product in aviation, in health or live endangering or life support applications, please notify. For any such application we urgently recommend

- to perform joint risk and quality assessments; the conclusion of quality agreements;
- to establish joint measures of an ongoing product survey, and that we may make delivery dependent on the realization of any such measures.

IXYS reserves the right to change limits, conditions and dimensions.

Data according to IEC 60747 and per semiconductor unless otherwise specified

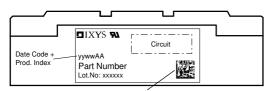




Rectifier	Rectifier			Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
V _{RSM}	max. non-repetitive reverse bloc	cking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$			1700	٧
V _{RRM}	max. repetitive reverse blocking	voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$			1600	V
I _R	reverse current	V _R = 1600 V	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$			1	mA
		$V_R = 1600 \text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 150$ °C			20	mΑ
V _F	forward voltage drop	I _F = 150 A	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$			1.07	V
		$I_F = 300 A$				1.22	٧
		$I_F = 150 \text{ A}$	T _{VJ} = 125°C			0.96	٧
		$I_F = 300 \text{ A}$				1.16	٧
I FAV	average forward current	T _C = 100°C	T _{VJ} = 150°C			190	Α
I _{F(RMS)}	RMS forward current	180° sine				300	Α
V _{F0}	threshold voltage		T _{vJ} = 150°C			0.80	٧
r _F	slope resistance } for power	loss calculation only				0.8	mΩ
R _{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to ca	ase				0.21	K/W
R _{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heats	sink			0.08		K/W
P _{tot}	total power dissipation		$T_{C} = 25^{\circ}C$			600	W
I _{FSM}	max. forward surge current	t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}C$			6.60	kA
		t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine	$V_R = 0 V$			7.13	kA
		t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine	T _{vJ} = 150°C			5.61	kA
		t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine	$V_R = 0 V$			6.06	kA
l²t	value for fusing	t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}C$			217.8	kA2s
		t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine	$V_R = 0 V$			211.5	kA2s
		t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine	T _{vJ} = 150°C			157.4	kA2s
		t = 8.3 ms; (60 Hz), sine	$V_R = 0 V$			152.8	kA2s
C	junction capacitance	$V_{R} = 400 \text{ V}; f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		238		рF



Package Y4			Ratings					
Symbol	Definition	Conditions			min.	typ.	max.	Unit
I _{RMS}	RMS current	per terminal					300	Α
T _{VJ}	virtual junction temperature	;			-40		150	°C
T _{op}	operation temperature				-40		125	°C
T _{stg}	storage temperature				-40		125	°C
Weight						150		g
M _D	mounting torque				2.25		2.75	Nm
$\mathbf{M}_{_{T}}$	terminal torque				4.5		5.5	Nm
d _{Spp/App}	oroopaga diatanaa on aurfa	ace striking distance through air	terminal to terminal	14.0	10.0			mm
$d_{Spb/Apb}$	creepage distance on surra	ice striking distance through an	terminal to backside	16.0	16.0			mm
V	isolation voltage	t = 1 second	·		3600			V
		t = 1 minute	50/60 Hz, RMS; IISOL ≤ 1 mA		3000			V



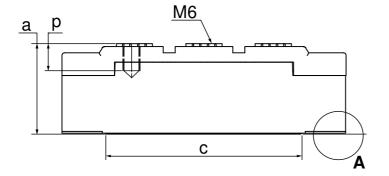
Data Matrix: Typ (1-19), DC+Prod.Index (20-25), FKT# (26-31) leer (33), Ifd.# (33-36)

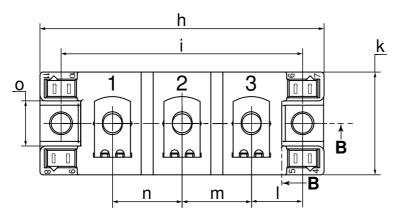
Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	MDD172-16N1	MDD172-16N1	Box	6	429724

Equivalent Circuits for Simulation			* on die level	$T_{VJ} = 150 ^{\circ}\text{C}$
$I \rightarrow V_0$	$-R_0$	Rectifier		
V _{0 max}	threshold voltage	8.0		V
$R_{\text{0 max}}$	slope resistance *	0.4		mΩ

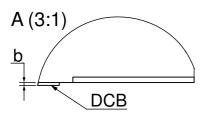


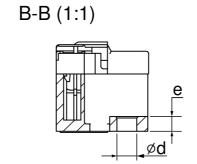
Outlines Y4

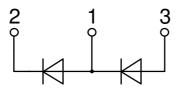




D:	MIN	MIN	MIN	MIN
Dim.	[mm]	[mm]	[inch]	[inch]
а	30.0	30.6	1.181	1.205
b	typ.	0.25	typ. (0.010
С	64.0	65.0	2.520	2.559
d	6.5	7.0	0.256	0.275
е	4.9	5.1	0.193	0.201
h	93.5	94.5	3.681	3.720
i	79.5	80.5	3.130	3.169
k	33.4	34.0	1.315	1.339
I	16.7	17.3	0.657	0.681
m	22.7	23.3	0.894	0.917
n	22.7	23.3	0.894	0.917
0	14.0	15.0	0.551	0.591
р	typ.	10.5	typ. 0.413	

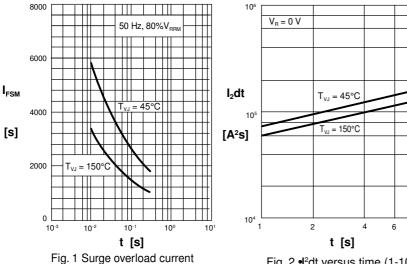


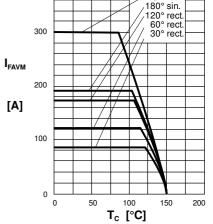






Rectifier





400

Fig. 1 Surge overload current F_{SM}: Crest value, t: duration

Fig. 2 •I²dt versus time (1-10 ms)

8 10

Fig. 2a Maximum forward current at case temperature

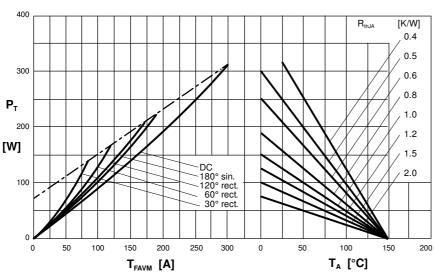
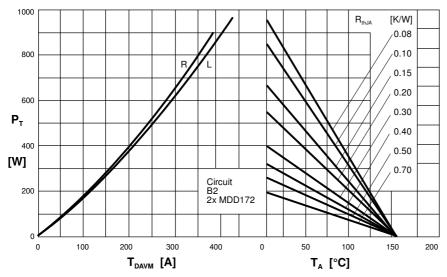


Fig. 3 Power dissipation vs. forward current and ambient temperature (per diode)



R = resistive load

L = inductive load

Fig. 4 Single phase rectifier bridge: Power dissipation vs. direct output current and ambient



Rectifier

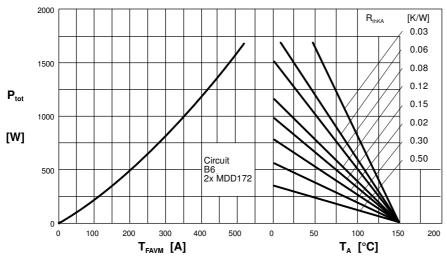


Fig. 5 Three phase rectifier bridge: Power dissipation vs. direct output current and ambient temperature

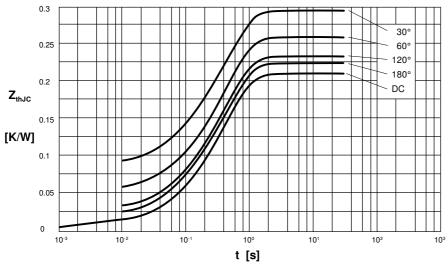


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance junction to case (per diode)

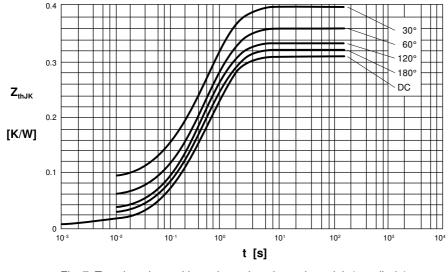


Fig. 7 Transient thermal impedance junction to heatsink (per diode)

R_{thJC} for various conduction angles d:

d	$\mathbf{R}_{thJC}\left[K/W\right]$
DC	0.210
180°	0.223
120°	0.233
60°	0.260
30°	0.295

Constants for $Z_{\text{\tiny thJC}}$ calculation:

i	$\mathbf{R}_{thi} \left[K/W \right]$	t _i [s]
1	0.0087	0.001
2	0.0163	0.065
3	0.1850	0.400

R_{thJK} for various conduction angles d:

d	R _{thJK} [K/W]
DC	0.310
180°	0.323
120°	0.333
60°	0.360
30°	0.395

Constants for \mathbf{Z}_{thJK} calculation:

i	$\mathbf{R}_{thi} [K/W]$	t _i [s]
1	0.0087	0.001
2	0.0163	0.065
3	0.1850	0.400
4	0.1000	1.290